# Gender equality in security sector reform in South East Europe 

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## Percentage of women in the AF in the Western Balkans (Source: SEESAC)

|  | officer | NCO | soldier | civilian | total | total \% |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BiH | 83 | 129 | 320 | 154 | $\mathbf{6 8 6}$ | $\mathbf{7 . 1 \%}$ |
| North <br> Macedonia | 137 | 184 | 181 | 149 | 651 | $\mathbf{9 . 3 \%}$ |
| Montenegro | 15 | 25 | 39 | 216 | $\mathbf{2 9 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 . 7 \%}$ |
| Serbia | $6.59 \%$ | $1.86 \%$ | $14.61 \%$ | $51.5 \%$ |  | $\mathbf{2 1 . 6 2 \%}$ |

## Percentage of women in the AF of NATO members from 1999 to 2017 (Source: NATO)

## Figure 2:

Percentage of women in the armed forces of NATO member states from 1999 to 2017


## What are the existing challenges in the military?

- Low representation of women in uniform in AFs
- Obstacles in career development
- Low reporting rates on gender based discrimination and sexual harassment



## Response

Regional Cooperation on integrating gender into the Security Sector Reform in the Western Balkans


## 1. FAST FACTS

## Firearm ownership in SEE

- Men make up overwhelming majority of firearm owners: more than 97\% in SEE



## Firearm Ownership (source: SEESAC, 2019 - unpublished)



[^0]
## Firearm ownership in SEE

- Stable and persistent patterns

Share of applicants for new licenses, by sex and year

| $95,9 \%$ | $96,4 \%$ | $97,1 \%$ | $97,0 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| $4,1 \%$ | $3,6 \%$ | $2,9 \%$ | $3,0 \%$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 |
|  |  |  | 2016 |

## Access

## Personnel authorized to carry firearms disaggregated in SEE, by sex, 2016

- Men dominate professions in with easy access to firearms
- Men dominate in activities such as hunting and sport shooting


## Perpetrators

## Perpetrators of firearms related criminal offences in SEE, by sex, 2012-2016

-Men majority of perpetrators of firearm-related incidents - 98.4\%
-Women rarely, if ever, perpetrators

- Stable patterns



## Victims



## Main gender concerns in South East Europe



[^1]
## Domestic violence

- Murder by intimate partner is among the most common form of femicide in SEE, while it comprises only a minor share of male homicide.

- The high share of women murdered with firearms reflects the high lethality of firearms in the context of domestic violence.
\% of women murdered with firearms in
IP homicides



## 4. Attitudes towards small arms

Would having a gun at home make you feel:
60.6\%

Women more often than men see firearms as a risk or threat to their own safety and safety of their families.


## Attitudes towards small arms

- Men would significantly more often than women own a gun ( $35 \%$ and $19 \%$ respectively).
- The dominant respondents who would own a gun are men aged 16-24 (39\%) and men 65 and over (39\%).
- Women in all age group are dominant respondents who would not own a gun.

Respondents who would own a gun by sex and age



[^0]:    *References to Kosovo shall be understood to be in the context of Security Council Resolution 1244 (1999).

[^1]:    Source: SEESAC, 2016

